

Title: Guidelines for External Ventricular Drain or Intracranial Pressure Monitor in the Pediatric Trauma Patient	
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Approved by: Trauma Multidisciplinary PIPS Committee	
Discrete Operating Unit/Facility: BannerUniversity Medical Center Tucson	

I. Purpose and Population:

A. **Purpose**: To provide a guideline for focused care/ services provided to the pediatric trauma patient that sustained a traumatic brain injury.

B. Population:

- 1. Consistent with the state defined inclusion / exclusion criteria for trauma patients.
- 2. Considers the National Trauma Data Standard (NTDS) definitions for trauma patients.

II. Background:

A. All pediatric patients presenting to Banner University Medical Center Tucson who have suffered an acute traumatic brain injury meeting specified criteria will be seen and evaluated by the neurosurgery team.

III. Policy:

- A. An external ventricular drain or intracranial pressure monitor may be indicated in pediatric trauma patients with either:
 - 1) GCS of 8 or less with an abnormal CT

OR

- 2) GCS of 8 or less with a normal CT and either
 - loss of motor localization on exam, OR
 - inability to obtain a reliable neurological exam for a prolonged period of time (unable to wean sedation, prolonged surgery etc.)

IV. References:

A. Resources for Optimal Care of the Trauma Patient 2023; Committee on Trauma; American College of Surgeons.